

The DESIGN MAGAZINE for the Pacific Northwest

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> RANCH REDUX A móderu lodge rises in a Montana flood plain

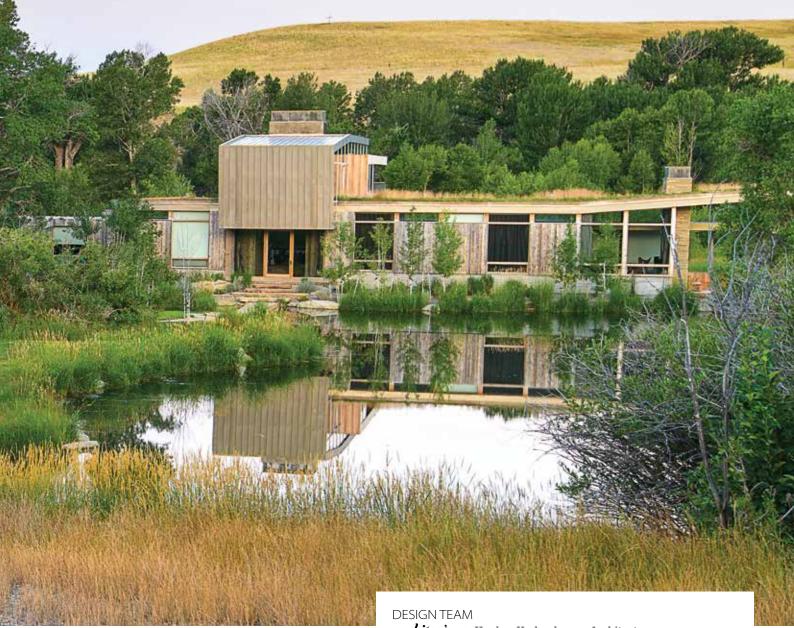


STEPHEN DUNN

WATERSHED

A riverside Montana ranch is reborn with sustainable land management practices and smart, striking architecture.

Written by BRIAN LIBBY: Photographed by STEPHEN DUNN and GIBEON PHOTOGRAPHY



architecture: Hughes Umbanhowar Architects

construction: Highline Partners

landscape architeciure: Raymond Jungles Studio



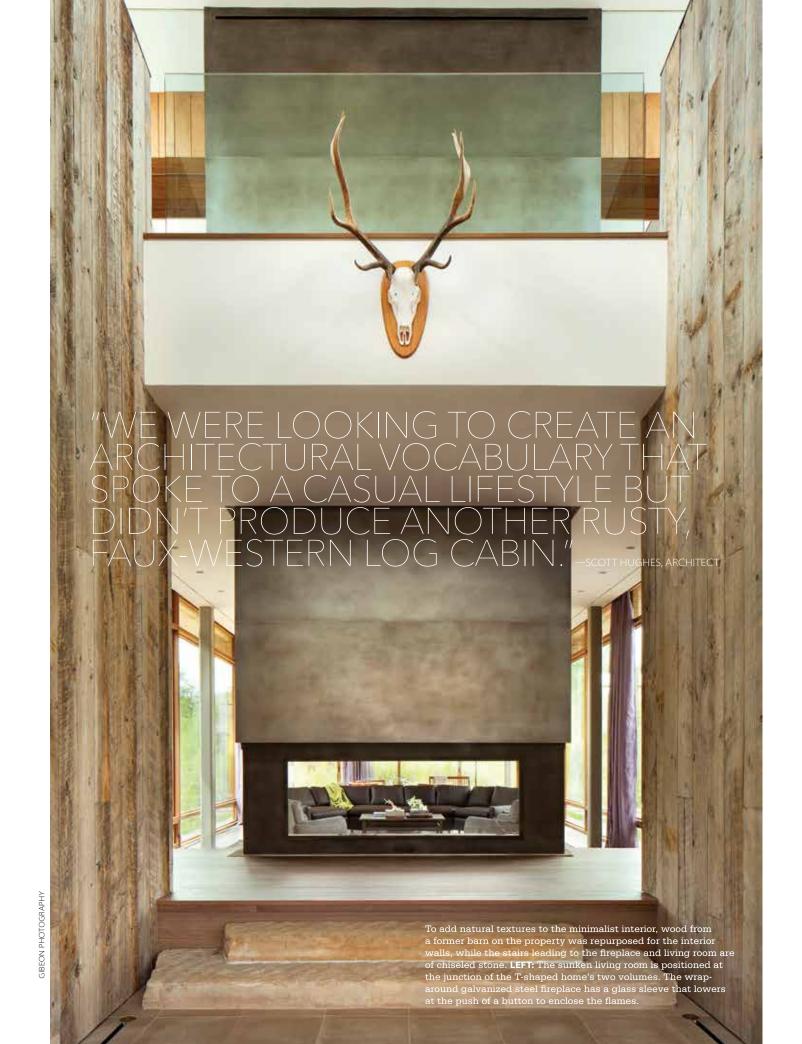
GIBEON PHOTOGRAPHY

n a world increasingly grappling with climate change, floods are a growing threat able to rupture communities and landscapes. Yet humans—from ancient Egypt to modernday Holland—have relied upon this natural phenomenon for millennia as a means of irrigation and sustainable land management. This old-yet-new strategy helped to birth the Watershed Lodge, a residence on a onceabandoned ranch in Big Timber, Montana.

The site is stunning, a 2,000-acre property with gently rolling hills and a grove of mature cottonwoods. But it's also challenging. The Yellowstone River bisects the ranch and overflows its banks each spring, and a tributary creek runs

alongside the house. Although constructing a luxurious 3,000-square-foot house in an active flood plain might seem counterintuitive, architect Scott Hughes, of Florida- and Los Angeles-based firm Hughes Umbanhowar Architects, saw a chance to create groundbreaking modern architecture at one with its surroundings.

Hughes had worked with the husband-and-wife clients on two previous projects in Florida, where the couple and their three young children spend winter months. For their new residence in Montana, they wanted to embrace the outdoors and build a glass-sheltered view of the natural landscape. "We were looking to create an architectural vocabulary that spoke to a casual lifestyle but didn't produce another rusty, faux-western log cabin," the architect explains. »



Hughes collaborated with acclaimed Miami landscape architect Raymond Jungles on a water management plan inspired by the Dutch, who have reclaimed hundreds of square miles from the North Sea by constructing polders: low-lying tracts shielded by dikes, ponds, and channels that divert rising water. Similarly, the Hughes-Jungles team designed and dredged a series of deep ponds, running parallel to the house, to hold the river's seasonal overflow. Counter to expectations, the house is set between the creek and the polders. As such, the home itself "becomes sort of a channel that controls flooding," Hughes explains. The design enables rising water to flow around the home on its way to the polders, but if the water rises

beyond a certain height, it is diverted through a small channel built into the foundation. The team also incorporated the ponds into the geothermal system that warms and cools the house year-round, and they're part of the plumbing supply used for irrigation and flushing toilets.

The house, located across a bridge from its carport and sitting atop a 3-foot plinth for added flood protection, is composed of two interlocking volumes: a two-story portion lined with floor-to-ceiling windows and a single-story oblong that runs perpendicular to it. "The two-story glass wedge is the public space, the entertaining space, that takes advantage of views," Hughes says. "The one-story element is the private space and is more enclosed." »













PHOTOS THIS SPREAD: GIBEON PHOTOGRAPHY



TOP: The family room includes the house's sole use of brick, in its fireplace, which doubles as a display wall for the clients' art collection, including this Warhol print. ABOVE: The master bathroom features a custom two-person copper soaking tub. LEFT: The master bedroom was designed with not only floor-to-ceiling glass, but also a band of clerestory windows to offer a view of both land and sky. The hanging fireplace is by Fireorb.